

The Bamberg Herald

One Dollar and a Half a Year.

BAMBERG, S. C. THURSDAY, DECEMBER 31, 1914.

Established 1891.

McDUFFIE IS 45th COUNTY

PROMOTERS CARRY ELECTION BY MORE THAN 5 TO 1.

Territory Will Be Furnished by Abbeville, Edgetfield and Greenwood.

Columbia, Dec. 29.—By an overwhelming vote, 619 to 97, the promoters of the "McDuffie" county movement won out in the election held today in the portions of Abbeville, Edgetfield and Greenwood counties affected. The proposed new county territory in each old county gave more than the two-thirds in favor of "McDuffie" county, which after expected favorable action by the general assembly, will be South Carolina's forty-fifth county, the Palmetto State's "baby." This town will be the county seat.

The vote in detail, as reported, is as follows: Abbeville, 375 for and 61 against; Edgetfield, 193 for and 23 against; Greenwood, 51 for and 13 against.

This is regarded as a great victory. It comes ten years after the first election, which was also by an overwhelming vote carried for the new county, but lost out on account of a very slight error in the matter of territory, due to a slight inaccuracy in the survey. The territory this time has been accurately surveyed and the people of this territory now look confidently to the general assembly for the formation of their much-needed and cherished new county.

The fight has been long, hard and tedious, but everybody feels fully repaid for the part that he contributed towards this overwhelming victory and the ultimate attainment of the formation of this new county.

CHILD CRUSHED TO DEATH.

Women on Streets Faint When Car Runs Over Girl.

Greenville, Dec. 23.—Hundreds of Greenville shoppers witnessed a shocking tragedy this afternoon on Main street, when 7-year-old Marie Gays was run down and killed by a street car while attempting to cross the street. The child's mother saw her little daughter ground to death beneath the car wheels. She died while being rushed to the City Hospital in an automobile. Several women who witnessed the tragedy fainted and were carried into nearby stores. The little girl and her mother were attempting to cross Main street at one of the most congested points and the child broke away from her parent and dashed directly in the path of the on-coming car. Many men rushed to the scene and lifted the heavy front trucks off the dying child's body. The car was in charge of Motorman Campbell and Conductor E. F. Taylor. The tragedy caused a pall of grief to spread over the city and the crowds along the business streets could talk of nothing else. The child's parents live at the Union Bleachery.

FRANK STILL HAS CHANCE.

Atlanta Prisoner Won't Hang January 22.

Washington, Dec. 28.—Justice Lamar, of the United States supreme court, today granted an appeal from the refusal of the federal district court for Northern Georgia to release on habeas corpus proceedings Leo M. Frank under death sentence for the murder of Mary Phagan at Atlanta.

Frank has been sentenced to be hanged January 22, but Judge Lamar's action causes a stay of execution. Thirty days are given for the record of the proceedings in the lower court to be filed in the supreme court here. The State of Georgia then may ask that the hearing of the case be advanced. Such requests generally are granted.

As a result of Justice Lamar's action today the entire court now will pass upon Frank's right to seek release from custody on a writ of habeas corpus, on the ground that the trial court in Fulton county, Georgia, lost jurisdiction over him by its failure to have him present when the jury returned its verdict.

Reason for Present Fashions.

"Kipling says that a woman is only a woman, but a good cigar is a smoke."

"That must be what is causing a woman to emulate the cigar. Have you noticed her panatella shape?"—Boston Advertiser.

LEGISLATIVE PROGRAMME.

The 1915 Session of South Carolina Assembly Will Convene Jan. 12.

Columbia, S. C., Dec. 19.—Members elect of the South Carolina legislature are busy just now framing a programme of legislation for consideration at the next session. The 1915 session will begin January 12 and will continue for 40 days or more.

The first important event of the session will be the inauguration of Richard I. Manning, as governor. The inaugural ceremonies will be held before the joint assembly in the hall of the house of representatives at the State house on January 20. Governor Manning will read his first inaugural address. The last annual message will be received shortly after the session convenes from the present governor. This will be the last official utterance of the governor.

Next week advocates of child labor laws and compulsory education will meet in Columbia to discuss measures to be introduced at the forthcoming session. Jos. A. McCullough of the Greenville delegation will head the conference.

Marketing will be one of the important questions to come before this session. It will be one of the main features of the annual report from the State department of agriculture.

Every effort will be made this year to hold down appropriations. The State is in a bad way financially and if possible the State tax levy will not be increased. However, no matter how hard pressed the State may be, there will be many requests for funds. It has been suggested that the State institutions declare a holiday for one year in the matter of appropriations for new buildings. Practically every institution in the State will ask for some kind of an appropriation. These buildings are needed, yet the heads should consider the financial condition of the people as a whole.

There is much work of a constructive nature before the next general assembly. The asylum needs attention. The entire government of the institution should be changed in the opinion of many members and an effort along this line is expected. Commissions for investigating various conditions during the past four years have been suggested in some quarters and it is practically certain that such a commission will be appointed.

The prohibition movement will cause much talk and little action at the session. Those who are against the sale of whiskey seem to be divided. The prohibition party, strictly speaking want the right to vote on a State-wide law in September of 1915. The anti-saloon league may ask a fight for a State-wide prohibition bill. Either of the measures will call for much discussion and will serve to block progressive legislation. However, the prohibitionists declare that they do not want to block measures of a constructive nature. They desire that the matter be settled at the earliest possible date.

Governor-elect Richard I. Manning has not announced the questions with which he will deal in his inaugural address. He favors constructive legislation and his address is awaited with interest by the people of the State.

Among the elections will be, an associate justice, superintendent of the State penitentiary, judge of the fifth circuit, sergeant-at-arms, speaker of the house, clerk of the house and other places. Every place is being sought by many candidates, except that of speaker. James A. Hoyt is without opposition for the speakership.

There is no doubt at present concerning the passage of a measure for the compulsory attendance of school children. The fight for this bill has already been won. The terms of the bill are yet to be decided upon.

ALLENDALE BOY LOSES ARM.

Accidental Discharge of Gun Necessitates Amputation.

Allendale, Dec. 24.—The 16-year-old son of Mr. E. W. Brunson, a prominent farmer near Allendale, lost his arm this afternoon from the accidental discharge of his gun, while out hunting with his little brother. It seems that he laid the gun across a stump, and on taking it up again by the muzzle, it was discharged, tearing his hand and wrist to pieces, necessitating amputation above the wrist. The rural route mail man, who was passing, assisted him to his home, where he received surgical attention.

IN THE PALMETTO STATE

SOME OCCURRENCES OF VARIOUS KINDS IN SOUTH CAROLINA.

State News Boiled Down for Quick Reading—Paragraphs About Men and Happenings.

The number of bales of cotton ginned in this State to Dec. 13 was 1,328,355, against 1,276,428 for the same date last year.

Will Dunlap is in the Aiken jail charged with the killing of a negro woman, Shug Williams, Friday night near Trenton. Dunlap protests his innocence.

Broadus Craig, a white boy of Aiken county, was killed Christmas day by the accidental discharge of a shot gun, while he and another boy were hunting.

The dispensary at Branchville was broken into a few nights ago and a quantity of liquor stolen. Two members of a "Wild West" show were arrested and charged with the theft.

All seven of South Carolina's congressional delegation voted for the Hobson amendment to establish constitutional nation-wide prohibition of the liquor traffic when the resolution came to a vote in the house.

At a conference in Columbia Tuesday the advocates of State-wide compulsory school attendance agreed on a measure. The conference was attended by some of the leading educators in the State. It is said the measure is practically sure of passage.

G. B. LUCAS DROWNED.

Thrown Off Boat by Negro Falling on Him.

Charleston, Dec. 24.—The report reached here this morning of the drowning yesterday of G. Buist Lucas when he fell from a freight boat bound from this city to Cainhoy. The drowning occurred yesterday afternoon but no reports were received here by members of the family or friends until early this morning. It is also said that a negro was drowned at the same time as Mr. Lucas.

It was thought barely possible that Mr. Lucas reached shore but no word of him was received.

The negro, it is said, fell against Mr. Lucas, causing him to lose his balance and both plunged into the water.

Mr. Lucas was engaged in the timber business and farming about six miles from Wando river, but made his residence in this city on Ashley avenue near Wentworth street. Yesterday afternoon he left on the freight boat which leaves the foot of Laurens street each day at 3 o'clock for Cainhoy. Others going to his place with him were Dr. William Henry Johnson and one of his sons.

Mr. Lucas was about 40 years of age. He leaves a wife and three children. A party consisting of about a dozen men, friends and relatives of the deceased, left the city this morning to recover the body if possible.

Latest reports this afternoon were to the effect that Mr. Lucas was pushed overboard from the side of the boat when a colored man who was intoxicated fell from the roof of the cabin, the force of his falling body pulling Mr. Lucas into the water with him. Failure of Mr. Lucas to appear again is explained by the fact that in his overcoat pockets he carried a heavy supply of silver for paying his help. It was about 6 o'clock and foggy. Efforts to locate the bodies of either Mr. Lucas or the negro were unavailing.

HAMPTON COUNTY HOMICIDE.

Aged Woman Killed.—Richard R. Peebles Accused.

Hampton, Dec. 29.—Mary Jenkins, an aged nurse, was shot and instantly killed by Richard R. Peebles, a white man, at Furman, this county, Saturday. The matter has attracted considerable attention owing to the fact that the man is a member of a prominent white family of the county and because the old woman was seventy years of age, and beloved by the white people of that community on account of her occupation.

An inquest was held at Furman on Sunday, but nothing, it seems, was done, as it is stated the jury could not agree. A warrant was sworn out for Mr. Peebles and on the call of the preliminary hearing, at Estill yesterday, he waived his right to a hearing and was bound over to the circuit court. He was lodged in jail at Hampton late yesterday afternoon. Counsel has been employed both for the defendant and to assist the solicitor.

\$30,000 FIRE AT BEAUFORT.

Danner Company's Big Warehouse Burned to Ground.

Beaufort, Dec. 23.—A large warehouse and contents, owned by the C. E. Danner company, wholesale grocers, of this city, was totally destroyed by fire early yesterday morning. When the alarm was rung in at about 3:45 the entire building, situated a mile from the town, was in flames, and by the time the engines reached the scene it had collapsed.

All that the department could do was to save the buildings around it, the nearest being the depot of the Charleston and Western Carolina railroad. A freight car standing on the track by the warehouse was burned also. The warehouse of N. Christensen & Sons, the city electric plant and the factory of the Beaufort Veneer and Package company, which were not far from the fire, were not damaged.

The origin of the fire is not known. The value of the building was about \$5,000, and the value of the stock, which was composed of all kinds of groceries, was said to be \$25,000. The loss is partially covered by insurance.

28,000,000 Men Now Under Arms.

London, Dec. 23.—The belligerent armies in the fields of war today number all told nearly 18,500,000 men, or 28,000,000 with all reserves and "new" troops counted according to a French statistician, M. Yves Guyot. The expenditure required he estimates at an average of nearly \$2.50 daily per man, or about \$11,000,000,000 for one year of warfare. A single year of the present war, he thinks, will cost about the same amount of money as the total expenditure for all the wars of the previous fifty years.

MAY DEMAND INDEMNITY.

America Protests to Great Britain of Treatment American Ships.

Washington, Dec. 29.—President Wilson referring today to the American note to Great Britain insisting on better treatment for American commerce, declared that large damages eventually would have to be paid by England for unlawful detention of American cargoes.

Many Protests.

The president pointed out that many protests had been sent in specific cases and that if the contentions of the American government were correct, as he was firmly convinced it was, plans for indemnification ultimately would have to be met by Great Britain.

Supplementary to previous protests, the new note, President Wilson explained, represented full the American position. He said that so far as theory was concerned, there was no debate on the point raised, because England herself, in previous wars, had taken exactly the American position.

The president was asked if the communication sent to Great Britain was the result of recent gathering of Pan-American diplomats here.

He said it was not, but that the position of the United States would apply to any neutral and that the contentions advanced were not peculiar in this country.

The president added the note was not based on any treaties between the United States and Great Britain, but on the generally accepted principle of international law. Publication of the substance of the American note this morning created widespread interest in the capital.

Foreign diplomats, especially those from neutral countries, discussed it and congressmen who had protested to the State department on behalf of merchants and shippers of copper, flour, wheat, foodstuffs, cotton and other products in which trade has been restricted expressed their satisfaction at the attitude of the government.

Some administration officials expressed the view that when Great Britain realized the extent of public opinion on the subject, in the United States her attitude would be modified and American industries hitherto halted would go forward.

Jones Saves State Sum of \$300.

Columbia, Dec. 22.—John L. McLaurin, State warehouse commissioner, has furnished the necessary bond of \$50,000. The company writing the bond at first charged \$500 as a premium. Comptroller General Jones refused to pay the amount on the ground that it was excessive. Today the company agreed to write the bond for \$200.

BIG SUMS GIVEN COLLEGES

SOUTHERN STATES RANK THIRD; WESTERN STATES GET MOST.

South Carolina \$154,000.—Converse and Furman \$50,000 Each, Wofford College \$54,176.

New York, Dec. 23.—Southern States rank third, while Western States are favored slightly above the eastern middle Atlantic group in the general education board's donation of \$10,582,591 to the cause of education, according to a fourth instalment of the board's report, made public today.

To Western States, the report sets forth, there has been given outright \$3,967,781 and partial contributions, the exact amount of which is not stated, have been made to a supplemental sum of \$15,406,741. To eastern and middle Atlantic States the sum given outright was \$3,562,185, the supplemental sum to which the board subscribed an amount not designated was \$15,247,839. Southern States received outright \$3,052,625, the supplemental sum to which the board contributed in this case was \$9,147,152.

South Carolina—Converse college \$50,000, Furman University (two appropriations) \$50,000, Wofford college (two appropriations) \$54,176.

MUST BEAR WAR STAMPS.

Papers for Charters, Increases in Stock or for Dissolution.

Columbia, Dec. 25.—All papers for charters, increases in capital stock of companies, dissolutions, etc., issued by the secretary of State, must bear revenue stamps under the decision of the attorney general, based on the recent internal revenue law, and this has been causing some delay in the issuance of the papers by the secretary of State. He requests the people to read carefully the necessity for placing revenue stamps on all such papers as detailed in the following circular letter issued by the secretary of State:

"Under a ruling of the attorney general, based upon the recent internal revenue law, stamps in the amount of 10 cents are required on each of the following papers:

"Return of corporators, charter granted, certificate of dissolution, application for increase of capital stock, certificate of increase, application for amendment, certificate of amendment, application for eleemosynary charter and for charter issued thereon.

"You will, therefore, please remit revenue stamps sufficient to cover papers filed by you, as well as those to be issued by this office, in accordance with the above schedule."

Making Booze Pay.

To the married man who cannot get along without his drinks we suggest the following as a solution to the bondage of his habit:

Start a saloon in your own house. Be the only customer. You will have no license to pay. Go to your wife and give her \$2 to buy a gallon of whiskey, and remember there are 69 drinks in one gallon.

Buy your drinks from no one but your wife, and by the time the first gallon is gone she will have \$8 in the bank and \$2 to start business with again.

Should you live ten years and continue to buy booze from her and then die with snakes in your boots, she will have enough money to bury you decently, educate your children, buy a house and lot, marry a decent man, and quit thinking about you.—Hartwell (Ga.) Sun.

A Daughter's Laughter.

With increasing amusement he laughed, Because of his daughter's wild laughter;

Then he said "Though I seem to be daught,

I am sure that my daughter is daughter."

—Ladies' Home Journal.

There's the Reason.

The sweet young thing was being shown through the Baldwin Locomotive works.

"What is that thing?" she asked pointing with her dainty parasol.

"That," answered the guide, "is an engine boiler."

She was an up-to-date young lady and at once became interested. "And why do they boil engines?" she inquired again.

"To make the engine tender," politely replied the resourceful guide. —Pennsylvania Punchbowl.

REMOVED FROM BOARD.

Henry S. Holman Off Dispensary Board.

Orangeburg, Dec. 24.—Information has reached Orangeburg that the governor has removed Henry S. Holman, chairman, as a member of the Orangeburg county board of control of the county dispensary. On Tuesday the county board was ordered to appear before the governor at his office, which they did. It is understood here that the result of this matter was brought about by the recent election of James L. Weeks to succeed William M. Sain as one of the dispensers at Orangeburg. Mr. Sain claimed that he was defrauded out of the election and the investigation resulted therefrom. The reason for the removal of Mr. Holman is alleged misconduct in office.

HOMICIDE AT FORT MOTTE.

Negro Shoots Another Whom He Finds in His Home.

St. Matthews, Dec. 26.—Bill Butler, a negro, of St. Matthews, was shot and killed this afternoon near Fort Motte, about 4 o'clock, by another negro named Joe Govan. Govan surrendered to the authorities here tonight. The killing, it is said, took place when Butler was found in Govan's home.

FIRE CAUSES LOSS OF 16 CARS.

Jackson's Garage in Darlington is Burned.

Darlington, Dec. 26.—Fire this afternoon in Jackson's garage on Dargan street caused the destruction of 16 automobiles and damaged the building. By prompt and efficient work the fire was soon extinguished by the fire department. The main damage is confined to the building and the machines stored in it.

Mr. Jackson, the proprietor of the garage, was trying to start his car and the gasoline from his carburetor leaked on the floor. When his car started this gasoline was ignited and the whole building burst into flames.

The building was fully insured, but none of the 16 cars which were destroyed had any insurance whatsoever.

This is the third fire in this building within the past 30 days.

44 GIVEN CLEMENCY.

Governor Has Shown "Mercy" to Total of 1,488.

Columbia, Dec. 28.—The governor late today signed pardons and paroles for forty-four bringing the total number of cases of clemency up to 1,488. The list of crimes may be given as follows: Murder, 12; manslaughter, 11; criminal assault, 2; arson, 2; safe-cracking, 2; miscellaneous 15.

Nine of the prisoners were confined in the State penitentiary. The release papers were sent to the prison this afternoon at 5:30 o'clock. There remains less than two hundred prisoners in the penitentiary and at the State farms.

The most notorious prisoner to receive a parole was Charles O'Day, alias Charles Cross, alias "Missouri Charlie," who was serving a term of fifteen years from Lancaster county on the charge of safe-cracking. The parole was issued upon the condition that the federal authorities take charge of O'Day when he was released from the penitentiary. He was wanted for robbing a postoffice in Virginia, and when he came out of the penitentiary this afternoon he was arrested by a federal officer. He was taken before J. Beverly Sloan, United States commissioner, who held him under a bond of \$3,000 pending a preliminary hearing on January 4. O'Day operated with the celebrated Fisher, who escaped in a most sensational manner from the penitentiary several months ago. O'Day was arrested in 1905 and was later convicted of safe-cracking in Lancaster county.

In Case It Didn't Work.

"Johnnie!"

"Yes'm!"

"Why are you sitting on that boy's face?"

"Why, I—"

"Did I not tell you to always count a hundred before you gave way to passion and struck another boy?"

"Yes'm, and I'm doin' it: I'm just sittin' on his face so he'll be here when I'm done countin' the hundred."—Houston Post.

Almost as Good.

Grubbs—Do you find that your

wife can keep a secret?

Stubbs—Well, not exactly, but she

can keep it going.—Exchange.